Response to Frisch and Earp’s comments on Systematic Review

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Dear Morten Frisch and Brian Earp

We thank you both for the comments(1) on our systematic review(2).

We respectfully disagree that the conductance of systematic reviews is unjustified. We can only emphasize the importance of identifying all available literature for clarity, before drawing conclusions on a delimited objective, such as, whether the exposure of circumcision has an impact on outcomes of perceived sexual function in adult males. The systematic process was performed according to the PRISMA statement and our conclusion reflected the lack of research in specific domains. We therefore, do not feel the need to justify the methodology any further.

You have problematized that we did not include a Canadian study of sexual partners to circumcised males, however, this was not part of our research objective. To answer the objective of the impact of circumcision on sexual partners perceived sexual function would require yet another systematic review process.

Circumcision is performed on both clinical indications such as penile or prepuce pathology and for non-clinical purposes such as cultural practice or with the aim of HIV-prevention. As we have demonstrated in the paper, many studies fail to distinguish these two populations which is major limitation from a clinical perspective, and one should therefore not draw conclusions about either from such studies. Frisch and Earp suggest that a number of other factors besides this clinical perspective may contribute to the outcome of perceived sexual function in males and we do agree. We have risen the issue of heterogeneity and limitations of the available literature in the discussion.

Our conclusion clearly states the results of the highest quality of available evidence and the lack of high quality studies on consequences of medically indicated circumcision and age at circumcision in order to fully answer our study objectives, and we have specifically stated that a majority of the studies does not take sexual orientation into perspective. We have suggested specific study designs on how to fill the gaps in evidence for future research.

We would like to extend to you both, and all other interested parties, an invitation to collaborate in the future. We can all agree that the field calls for further research, and would be happy to join forces, with contributions from both clinical, epidemiological and physiological angles.